

DATE: June 7, 2015

TO: Nick Dranias and Chip DeMoss, Compact for America Educational Foundation, Inc.

FROM: Greg Brooks, West Third Group

RE: Michigan polling

FILE: CFA-MI

SUMMARY

There is broad, visceral support among Michigan voters, and particularly among self-identified Republican voters, for controlling runaway Washington debt. Overall support — before and after bringing up the potential for a runaway convention as well as before and after educating respondents about some of the specifics of the CFA approach — never drops below a majority even when margin of error is taken into account.

There are very few people who have no opinion on the overall issue or the specifics of it. Having said that, the prospect of a runaway convention could be the most effective weapon our opponents have. About a third of all voters were Moderately or Extremely concerned, with a similar number of Republicans feeling the same way. However, when we dig deeper into that concern, we find only half as many Republicans are likely to be Extremely Concerned.

When told about provisions that would guarantee no other amendment would be brought up and that the amendment under consideration could not be changed, both voters overall and Republican voters in particular said they would support organizing such a convention (Q7) and have more confidence in the process (Q8). This support reveals a plurality of support and, in the case of Republicans, very strong majorities.

Finally, When asked about a proposed constitutional amendment that had no realistic prospect of a runaway convention and featured elements contained in the CFA approach, a majority of all respondents said they would support such a measure; in the case of Republican voters, the level of Moderate or Strong support was 75%.

As a final note: The sample for this poll skewed strongly female, and prior polling in other states reveals significantly stronger support for the Compact among men. It's likely that overall support within Michigan is somewhat under-represented in this survey.

Results shown are based on polling 221 registered voters in Michigan, for a margin of error of 6% @ 95% confidence rate.

OVERALL TAKEAWAYS

68% Moderately or Extremely Concerned About The National Debt

77% Prefer Policies Balancing The Budget

64% Approve Of A Constitutional Amendment To Balance The Federal Budget

67% Approve Of Letting The States Have A Role In Deciding Washington's Borrowing

58% Approve Of The States Calling A Convention To Propose A Balanced Budget Amendment

35% Are Moderately or Extremely Concerned About A Runaway Convention When The Topic Is First Mentioned

BUT...

58% Approve Of A Balanced Budget .Amendment With The Compact For America's Features

QUESTIONS AND RESULTS

(All numbers shown are in [all-respondents / GOP respondents] format.)

Q1. Are you concerned about America's national debt, which currently stands at more than \$18.2 trillion, or nearly \$160,000 per taxpayer?



■ Not At All Concerned ■ Slightly Concerned
■ Somewhat Concerned ■ Moderately Concerned ■ Very Concerned

Q2. Forty-nine out of the 50 states require that their own Governor and Legislature balance their budget, limiting spending to available revenue. Generally speaking, do you approve of such a policy?



■ Strongly Disapprove ■ Somewhat Disapprove
■ Neither Approve Nor Disapprove ■ Somewhat Approve ■ Strongly Approve

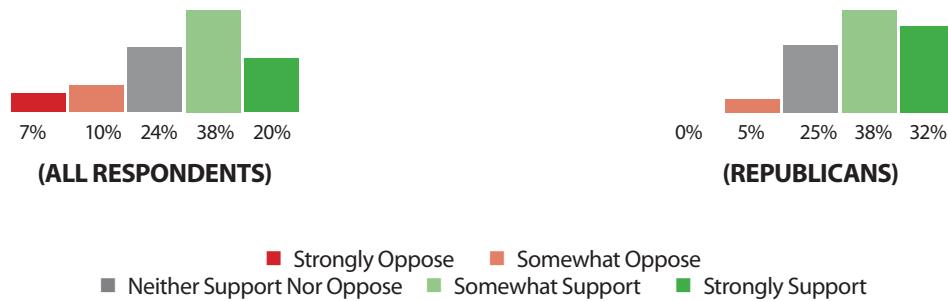
Q3. The federal government has not balanced its budget for 20 years—since 1995. Since then, the federal government has increased our national debt from under \$5 trillion to over \$18 trillion, from around \$60,000 in debt per taxpayer to nearly \$160,000 in debt per taxpayer. Against that backdrop, would you approve of a proposal to amend the constitution to limit how much the federal government can borrow?



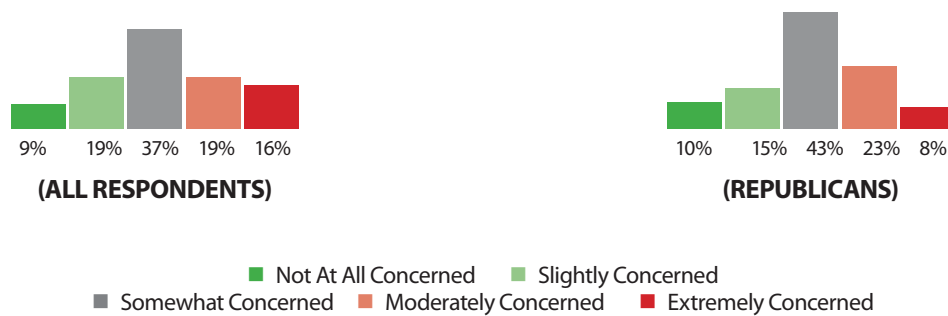
Q4. The constitution currently does not limit how much the federal government can borrow. A balanced budget proposal under consideration would amend the constitution to limit how much the federal government could borrow to a specific amount, and otherwise require the federal government to get approval from a majority of state legislatures before borrowing even more. Would you generally approve of such a policy?



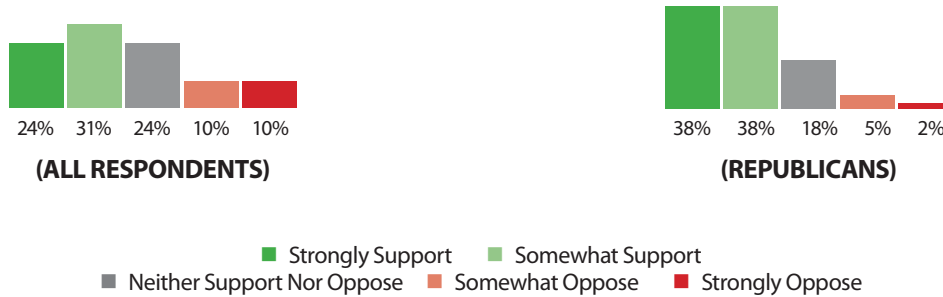
Q5. States have the power to propose constitutional amendments. To do so, state legislatures must petition Congress to call a formal meeting of state representatives, which the constitution calls a “convention for proposing amendments” and some people call a “constitutional convention.” Would you support states organizing such a convention to propose a balanced budget amendment?



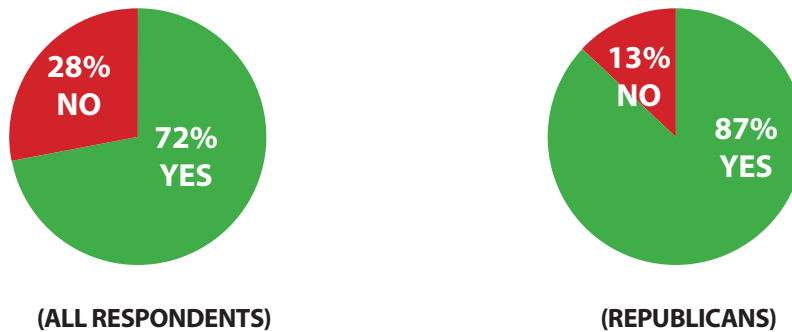
Q6. Some people are concerned that if the states organized a convention for the specific purpose of proposing a balanced budget amendment, that the convention would instead do whatever it wanted and propose dangerous constitutional amendments. They call this a “runaway convention.” Knowing that 75% of the states—38 states—would have to approve, or “ratify,” any amendment that was proposed by a convention before it became part of the constitution, are you concerned about a “runaway convention”?



Q7. If the states organized a convention only after they agreed beforehand, in a legally binding contract, that no other amendment would be proposed other than a balanced budget amendment, would you support organizing such a convention?



Q8. If the states organized a convention only after they agreed beforehand, in a legally binding contract, to propose and ratify only a specific balanced budget amendment without modifications, or the convention would automatically disband, would this give you more confidence in the process?



Q9. If there were no realistic prospect of a so-called "runaway convention," would you approve of a specific balanced budget amendment that would limit how much the federal government could borrow, require a majority of state legislatures to approve any increase in borrowing capacity, and encourage spending reductions before tax increases to balance the budget?



RESPONDENTS

Republican: 27%

Democrat: 32%

Independent: 19%

Libertarian: 3%

Green: 2%

Other/Unaffiliated: 17%

(Totals may not equal 100% due to rounding)